Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ch. 38: The Bipolar World**

**The Formation of a Bipolar World** (pp. 1065-1077)

1. Why were tensions high when Nixon and Khrushchev met in the summer of 1959? Why is their conversation known as the kitchen debate?
2. Define superpower

The Cold War in Europe

Characteristics of Eastern Bloc (US and Europe)

Characteristics of Western Bloc (US and Europe)

1. What was the state of Germany following WWII? What created tension between the Western powers and the Soviet Union?
2. What did the Soviets do to Berlin? How did the Allies respond?
3. How was Germany divided once the blockade ended?
4. Why was the Berlin Wall built?
5. What spurred the arms race? How did it lead to MAD?

Confrontations in Korea and Cuba

1. What was the state of Korea following WWII? What sparked the confrontation between the US and USSR?
2. How did the “domino theory” extend the policy of containment around the world?
3. Why was Cuba a source of tension between the superpowers?
4. What sparked the Cuban missile crisis? How was the crisis resolved?

Cold War Societies

1. What was the role of women in capitalist societies?
2. How was McCarthyism “domestic containment”?
3. How did women resist the domestic ideals that persisted in the U.S. following WWII?
4. What ideas did black nationalists like Marcus Garvey, Kwame Nkrumah, and Dr. Martin Luther promote?
5. How is the civil rights movement linked to the Cold War? What rights were African Americans being denied?
6. What were the superpowers trying to prove with the space race?
7. Read the document on p. 1074. How does Khrushchev critique capitalism and in what ways is communism superior?

**Challenges to Superpower Hegemony** (pp. 1077-1084)

Defiance, Dissent, and Intervention in Europe

1. Why did France want to distance Europe from U.S. policy?
2. What are nonaligned nations?
3. Describe de-Stalinization.
4. How did Soviet actions in Hungary and Czechoslovakia illustrate the Brezhnev doctrine?

Skip China section-go to p. 1081

Détente and the Decline of superpower Influence

1. Define détente
2. Describe areas in which the U.S. and U.S.S.R. cooperated in the 1970s.
3. Why did the U.S. and Soviet Union both intervene in Vietnam and Afghanistan? Evaluate the effectiveness of this involvement.

**The End of the Cold War** (pp. 1084-1090)

1. How did Reagan attempt to “fight” the Cold War?

Revolutions in Eastern and Central Europe

1. How did Gorbachev change Soviet policy toward the satellites of eastern and central Europe?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Revolution** | **Describe/Changes** |
| Poland |  |
| Bulgaria |  |
| Hungary |  |
| Czechoslovakia |  |
| Romania |  |
| East Germany |  |

Collapse of the Soviet Union

1. Describe at least 5 problems the Soviet Union was facing when Gorbachev came to power
2. Define *perestroika* and *glasnost.* How did these policies lead to the end of the Soviet Union?
3. Describe the collapse of the USSR.

Summary

1. How was the Cold War fought in Europe?
2. How did conflicts outside of Europe lead to indirect struggles between the U.S. and U.S.S.R (“proxy wars”)?